October 2, 2024

Double L Meat Processing M47541
155 Boone Meat Drive Jonesville, Virginia 24263
(b) (6) @yahoo.com
276-346-2333

ELECTRONIC MAIL on October 2, 2024

Attention: Frank Dixon (Owner)

NOTICE OF SUSPENSION

This letter serves as official notification by the Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) of our decision to withhold the federal marks of inspection and suspend the assignment of Inspection Program Personnel (IPP) at Double L Meat Processing, M47541, located at 155 Boone Meat Drive, Jonesville, VA 24263. This letter follows verbal notification of the suspension action, provided by Inspector (b) (6) (Manager) at approximately 1225 hours on October 1, 2024. This action includes your Slaughter Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point (HACCP) processes employed at your establishment.

The decision to institute this enforcement action is in accordance with Title 9 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Rules of Practice 500.3(b), based on the determination that your establishment did not handle or slaughter animals humanely. The evidence demonstrates failure to comply with the Federal Meat Inspection Act (FMIA) (21 U.S.C. 603), the Humane Methods of Slaughter Act (HMSA) (7 U.S.C. 1901 *et seq.*), and the regulatory requirements (9 CFR Part 313).

Background/Authority

The FMIA (21 USC 601 *et seq.*) provides it is essential to the public interest that the health and welfare of consumers be protected, by assuring meat products distributed to them are wholesome, not adulterated, and properly marked, and labeled. The Act gives FSIS the authority, as designated by the Secretary of Agriculture, to prescribe rules and regulations describing sanitation requirements for inspected establishments and provide FSIS program personnel the authority to refuse to allow meat/meat food products to be marked, labeled, stamped, or tagged as *inspected and passed*, to prevent the entry of adulterated products into commerce. Furthermore, the FMIA provides FSIS the authority to appoint inspectors to examine and inspect the method by which livestock are slaughtered and handled at slaughtering establishments.

The HMSA provides that Congress finds that the use of humane methods in the slaughter of livestock prevents needless suffering; results in safer and better working conditions for persons engaged in the slaughtering industry; brings about improvement of products and economies in slaughtering operations; and produces other benefits for producers, processors, and consumers which tend to expedite an orderly flow of livestock and livestock products in interstate and foreign commerce. It is therefore declared to be

the policy of the United States that the slaughtering of livestock and the handling of livestock in connection with slaughter shall be carried out only by humane methods.

Under the authority of the Acts, FSIS has prescribed rules and regulations required for establishments slaughtering and handling livestock, as required by 9 CFR Part 313. FSIS has also developed the Rules of Practice regarding administrative enforcement, 9 CFR Part 500. The Rules of Practice describe the types of enforcement actions that FSIS may take and include procedures for taking a withholding action and/or suspension, with or without prior notification, and for filing a complaint to withdraw a grant of inspection. Specifically, 9 CFR 500.3(b) states that FSIS may impose a suspension without providing prior notification due to handling or slaughtering of animals inhumanely.

Findings/Basis for Action

At approximately 1130 hours on Tuesday, October 1, 2024, IPP at your establishment identified an egregious humane handling noncompliance in which a beef cow was observed to be conscious on the rail after it had been stunned. IPP entered the kill floor after the cow had been stunned, shackled and hoisted. IPP observed an employee make a cut to facilitate bleeding, at which time the animal showed signed of consciousness by exhibiting a "righting" reflex (an attempt to lift its head straight up over its spine), a moving tail, and rapid rhythmic breathing through the severed airway. IPP observed that the employee did not take an immediate corrective action, so IPP expressed concern that the cow was still conscious. The employee then left the kill floor and returned with slug ammunition to load the 12-gauge shotgun that was on the kill floor. The employee applied a stun using the shotgun and IPP confirmed that the animal was rendered unconscious. IPP placed US Reject/Retain tag # B46516852 on the knock box, in accordance with 9 CFR 313.50(c). Official notification of the pending enforcement action was given to the Manager at approximately 1225 hours. Following the incident, the head was skinned and examined to determine location of the stunning attempts. A large hole was observed to the left and below the ideal stunning placement area (when observed from the front of the head) and a second hole was observed in the ideal stunning placement area. When questioned, the employee stated that they had stunned the cow three (3) times using a .25 caliber hand-held captive bolt stunning device (HHCB) and that when the cow appeared to be unconscious, he had shackled and hoisted it for purposes of bleeding it out.

This incident is noncompliant with 9 CFR 313.15(a)(3), which says, in part: "Immediately after the stunning blow is delivered the animals shall be in a state of complete unconsciousness and remain in this condition throughout shackling, sticking and bleeding." These findings are considered egregious because the animal was observed to be conscious after it had been stunned, shackled, hoisted and cut.

On September 9, 2004, FSIS published "Humane Handling and Slaughter Requirements and the Merits of a Systematic Approach to Meet Such Requirements" in the Federal Register (69 FR 54625). On September 24, 2020, FSIS released FSIS Directive 6900.2 Revision 3, entitled, "Humane Handling and Slaughter of Livestock." Additionally, on October 23, 2013, FSIS introduced new guidance, titled "FSIS Compliance Guide for a Systematic Approach to the Humane Handling of Livestock." Within the guidance material is information intended to better ensure the humane treatment of livestock presented for slaughter. The guidance material provides a set of practices designed to minimize excitement, discomfort, and accidental injury regarding the humane handling of livestock to include the four components of a robust systematic approach to humane handling.

This establishment does not have a Robust Systematic Approach for Humane Handling; therefore, this Suspension action was initiated.

Summary and Conclusion

Provisions of the FMIA outline FSIS' ability to refuse to render inspection and indefinitely withdraw inspection from an establishment, provided the establishment is afforded the right to an administrative hearing, when conditions exist where the slaughter and/or handling of livestock was not by a method in accordance with the Act(s). Evidence demonstrates your failure to meet regulatory requirements addressed in 9 CFR 313.16(a)(3), constituting a violation of the humane slaughter requirements, and supporting the conclusion that your handling of livestock violated the provisions of the FMIA and HMSA.

Please provide a written response, inclusive of written corrective action and preventative measures, by addressing the following:

- Evaluate and identify the nature, cause of the incident.
- Describe the specific actions taken to eliminate the cause of the incident and prevent future recurrences.
- Describe specific monitoring activities planned to ensure future compliance.
- Provide any supporting documentation and records maintained and/or associated with the proposed corrective actions and preventative measures.

A determination of further administrative action will be made upon receipt and review of your submitted corrective actions and preventative measures. You are reminded that, as an operator of a federally inspected establishment, you are expected to comply with FSIS regulations and to take appropriate corrective actions to prevent the production of or adulterated products at your establishment. Please be advised that your failure to respond adequately to these issues may result in our initiating action to withdraw inspection from your establishment.

Appeal and Hearing Rights

You have the right to appeal this matter and can do so by contacting:

William Griffin
Executive Associate for Regulatory Operations
Office of Field Operations
Food Safety and Inspection Service
United States Department of Agriculture
South Building, Room 3164
1400 Independence Avenue, SW
Washington, DC 20250
Email: William Griffin (Queda gov)

Email: William.Griffin1@usda.gov Phone: 202-961-7156 Pursuant to 9 CFR 500.5(d), you may also request a hearing regarding this determination. Should you request a hearing, FSIS will file a complaint that will include a request for an expedited hearing. If you wish to request a hearing regarding this determination, please contact:

Dr. Scott Safian, Director
Enforcement Operations Staff (EOS)
Office of Investigation, Enforcement and Audit (OIEA)
Food Safety and Inspection Service
United States Department of Agriculture
Stop Code 3753, SB - Room 2148
1400 Independence Avenue, SW
Washington, DC 20250
Telephone: (202) 418-8872
Facsimile: (202) 245-5097

E-mail: AEBCorrespondence@usda.gov

If you have any questions, please contact Dr. Roger Murphy, Deputy District Manager (DDM) via telephone at 267-273-6919 or via electronic mail at Roger.Murphy@usda.gov. Additionally, you can contact Raleigh District Office at 919-214-1984.

Sincerely,

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Date: 2024.10.02 12:18:37

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Todd Furey District Manager

cc: W. Griffin, EARO/FO

L. Hortert, RD/CID/OIEA

(b) (6) , HHEC/FO

T. Furey, DM/RDO/FO

R. Murphy, DDM/RDO/FO

H. Havens, DDM/RDO/FO

A. Thompson, DDM/RDO/FO

D. Lilly, DCS/RDO/FO

(b) (6) , DVMS/RDO/FO (b) (6) , SEIAO/RDO/FO

> , Program Manager/VDACS , Inspection Manager/VDACS

, State PHV/VDACS

, State PHV/VDACS

Quarterly Enforcement Report Establishment File (Est. M47541)