



THERMAL PROCESSING TRAINING

Module 4: Canning Regulations— An Overview

Thermal Processing for Meat and Poultry Products Training





1



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Purpose and Objectives

Purpose of Module 4

 Provide an understanding of key sections of FSIS canning regulations

Performance Objectives

- Become familiar with main sections of regulations
- Familiarization with and effective use of current FSIS Directive 7530.2





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Subpart G - Canning and Canned Products

- Regulations for canning and canned products are contained in:
 - 9 CFR 431.1 through 431.12



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§431.1 - Definitions

- Canned Product: meat or poultry product with water activity >0.85 which receives a thermal process either before or packaging in hermetically sealed container
- Thermal Process: Heat treatment necessary to achieve shelf stability as determined by Processing Authority
- Abnormal Container: Container with any sign of swelling, product leakage, or any evidence that contents of unopened container may be spoiled





Definitions (con't.)

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- Initial Temperature (I.T.): measured in coldest container at start of thermal process
- Process Temperature (PT): minimum maintained temperature of heating medium
- Process Time (B_b): intended time containers exposed to heating medium in retort while at or above PT
- Come-up Time (CUT): elapsed time in minutes at start of B_b until retort reaches required PT





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Examinations of Empty Containers and Closures

- §431.2 Examination and Cleaning of Empty Containers
 - Closure examinations for rigid containers (cans)
 - Visual examinations
 - Teardown examinations
 - Closure examinations for glass containers
 - Visual examination
 - Closure examination and tests





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Examinations of Empty Containers and Closures (con't.)

- Closure examinations for semirigid and flexible containers
 - Visual examination
 - Physical tests
- Container coding
- Handling of containers after closure



Thermal Processing

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§431.3 Thermal Processing

- Process Schedules (PS)
 - Developed by a Processing Authority (PA)
- Source of process schedules
- Submittal of process information
 - Any changes to PS evaluated by PA





Critical Factors

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§431.4 Critical Factors

- Container orientation
- Product formulation
- Maximum thickness of flexible containers
- Retort reel speeds



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Operations in the Thermal Processing Room

- §431.5 Operations in the Thermal Processing Room
 - Posting of processes
 - Process indicators and traffic control
 - Initial temperatures
 - Timing devices
 - Measurement of pH





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Equipment and Procedures for Heat Processing Systems

- §431.6 Equipment and Procedures for Heat Processing Systems
 - Instruments and controls common to different systems
 - Indicating temperature devices
 - Mercury-in-glass thermometers
 - Other devices
 - Temperature recording devices
 - Chart-type devices
 - Steam controllers
 - Air valves/water valves





Equipment and Procedures for Heat Processing Systems (con't.)

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- Instruments and controls common to different systems (con't.)
 - Pressure processing in steam
 - Batch still retorts
 - » Recommended venting schedules
 - Batch agitating retorts
 - Continuous rotary retorts
 - Hydrostatic retorts





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Equipment and Procedures for Heat Processing Systems (con't.)

- Pressure processing in water
 - Batch still retorts
 - Batch agitating retorts
- Pressure processing in steam-air mixtures
- Atmospheric cookers (batch, continuous)
- Other systems
- Equipment maintenance
- Container cooling and cooling water
- Post-process container handling





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Processing and Production Records

§431.7 Processing and Production Records

- Processing in steam
 - Batch still retorts
 - Batch agitating
 - Continuous rotary
 - Hydrostatic retorts





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Processing and Production Records (con't.)

- Processing in water
 - Batch still retorts
 - Batch agitating
- Processing in steam-air mixtures
- Processing in other systems (e.g., cascade or water spray)
- Atmospheric cookers (batch, continuous)



Record Review and Maintenance

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§431.8 Record Review and Maintenance

- Process records
- Automated process monitoring and recordkeeping
- Container closure records
- Distribution of product
- Retention of records





Deviations in Processing

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§431.9 Deviations in Processing

- HACCP plan that addresses microbial hazards
- Procedures for handling deviations if microbial hazards occur
- Deviations identified in-process
- Deviations identified through record review





Finished Product Inspection

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§431.10 Finished Product Inspection

- Incubation of shelf stable canned product (<u>if</u> <u>applicable</u>)
 - Incubator
 - Incubation temperature
 - Product requiring incubation
 - Incubation samples
 - Incubation time





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Finished Product Inspection (con't.)

- Incubation checks and records
- Abnormal containers
- Shipping
- Container condition
 - Normal containers
 - Abnormal containers





Additional Parts

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§431.11 Personnel and Training

§431.12 Recall Procedure





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FSIS Directive 7530.2

Verification Activities in Canning Operations That Choose to Follow the Canning Regulations





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- If the establishment elects not to address hazards associated with microbiological contamination in its HACCP plan, the decision is the hazard is NRLTO
- Any records required by regulations in 9 CFR 431 and establishment's associated process documentation would be required to be kept under 9 CFR 417.5(a)(1)





HACCP Verification Task

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 - Select specific production
 - Use RK, RO, or both components
 - Verify monitoring, corrective action, verification, and recordkeeping requirements at all CCPs (if any) and execution of any prerequisite programs
 - Verify canning regulations relevant to the specific production (see Dir. 7530.2, IV)
 - Verify 1 or more other canning regulations



HACCP Verification Task (con't.)

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Verify that:

- Process schedule posted
- Correct process schedule used
- No formulation, equipment, or treatment changes
- I.T. measured and recorded
- All critical factors met
- Deviations appropriately handled





HACCP Verification Task (con't.)

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Verify that:

- Required processing information recorded
- Only normal containers selected for incubation (if applicable)
- Establishment reviewed all processing and production records no later than one working day after actual process
- §417.5(a)(3) requirements met if HACCP plan addresses any chemical or physical hazards



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- If microbial hazards are addressed with canning regulations, corrective actions must meet per §431.9
- If a deviation is not handled according to §431.9, it is a regulatory noncompliance
- Unforeseen hazards must be addressed according to §417.3(b)
- If chemical or physical hazards are addressed as CCPs, corrective actions for deviations from critical limits must meet §417.3(a)





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Corrective Actions (con't.)

- If inspection per
 - If inspection personnel have concerns about the establishment's corrective actions, they should contact their supervisor and request assistance.





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Documentation

- Noncompliance with Part 431 canning regulations should be addressed by issuance of Noncompliance Record (NRs) and/or retention of suspect product
 - When an establishment addresses microbiological hazards using the canning regulations, IPP document noncompliance with applicable canning regulation and also §417.5(a)(1)





THERMAL PROCESSING TRAINING **Key Points**

- **Must** = requirement
- Should = recommendation
- Part 431 sections include definitions and address requirements for:
 - Containers and closures
 - Thermal processing
 - Critical factors
 - Operations in the thermal processing area



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- Part 431 also addresses requirements for:
 - Equipment and procedures for heat processing systems
 - Processing and production records
 - Record review and maintenance
 - Deviations in processing
 - Finish product inspection
 - Personnel and training
 - Recall procedures





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- IPP must ensure that their assigned facility complies with applicable sections of regulations
- Design and application of recommended thermal process is critical to finished product safety
- Installation, operation, instrumentation, maintenance, and validation of thermal processing systems is critical to finished product safety





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- Proper handling of thermal process deviations and affected product is critical to finished product safety
- Proper handling of abnormal containers (e.g., swollen, leaking, evidence of spoilage), whether in incubation or found elsewhere, is critically important





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- When performing HACCP Verification tasks for specific production of canned foods, IPP verify HACCP plan implementation (Directive 5000.1) AND
- Verify compliance with canning regulations relevant to specific production and one or more general canning regulations (Directive 7530.2)





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Questions?

