before slicing is begun, and must certify in English that it is eligible for importation into the United States in accordance with this section; and

- (ii) Either a full-time salaried veterinarian employed by the national government of the region of origin, or, if the national government of the region of origin recognizes a local consortium as responsible for product quality, a representative of that local consortium, must certify in English that he or she personally supervised the entire process of slicing and packaging each lot of dry-cured hams, pork shoulders, and pork loins at the slicing/packaging facility; that each lot of dry-cured hams, pork shoulders, and pork loins was sliced and packaged in accordance with the requirements of this paragraph; and that the sliced and packaged pork ham, shoulder, or loin is the same dry-cured ham, pork shoulder, or pork loin certified under paragraph (p)(2)(i).
- (iii) The sliced and packaged drycured pork ham, pork shoulder, or pork loin must be labeled with the date that processing of the meat under paragraph (i) of this section began, and with the date the meat was sliced and packaged.

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[52 FR 11625, Apr. 10, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 48520, Dec. 1, 1988; 54 FR 7395, Feb. 21, 1989, 59 FR 55024, Nov. 3, 1994; 59 FR 67134, Dec. 29, 1994; 62 FR 46181, Sept. 2, 1997; 62 FR 56023, Oct. 28, 1997; 62 FR 61004, Nov. 14, 1997; 64 FR 38550, July 19, 1999; 68 FR 16939, Apr. 7, 2003; 73 FR 17885, Apr. 2, 2008; 74 FR 18288, Apr. 22, 2009; 76 FR 4054, 4055, Jan. 24, 2011; 77 FR 1395, Jan. 10, 2012; 83 FR 15493, Apr. 11, 2018]

# § 94.18 Bovine spongiform encephalopathy; importation of edible products derived from bovines.

- (a) The importation of meat, meat products, and other edible products derived from bovines is prohibited with regard to BSE, except as provided in this section and in §§94.19, 94.20, 94.21, 94.22, 94.23, and 94.27.
- (b) The following commodities derived from bovines may be imported into the United States without restriction regarding BSE, provided that all other applicable requirements of this part are met:
  - (1) Milk and milk products;

- (2) Boneless skeletal muscle meat (excluding mechanically separated meat) that:
- (i) Is derived from bovines that were not, prior to slaughter, subjected to a pithing process or to stunning with a device injecting compressed air or gas into the cranial cavity, and that passed ante-mortem and post-mortem inspection:
- (ii) Has been prepared in a manner to prevent contamination with SRMs; and
- (iii) Is accompanied to the United States by an original certificate stating that the conditions of paragraphs (b)(2)(i) and (b)(2)(ii) of this section have been met. The certificate must be issued and signed by a full-time salaried veterinary officer of the national government of the exporting region or signed by a person authorized to issue such certificates by the veterinary services of the national government of the exporting region.

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[78 FR 72998, Dec. 4, 2013]

## §94.19 Importation of meat, meat byproducts, and meat food products derived from bovines from regions of negligible risk for BSE.

Meat, meat byproducts, and meat food products, as defined by FSIS in 9 CFR 301.2-except that those terms as applied to bison shall have a meaning comparable to those provided in 9 CFR 301.2 with regard to cattle, and other than boneless skeletal meat that meets the conditions of §94.18(b)(2)—may be imported from a region of negligible risk for BSE, as defined in §92.1 of this subchapter, if the following conditions and all other applicable requirements of this part are met:

- (a) The commodities were exported from a region of negligible risk for BSE.
- (b) If BSE has been diagnosed in one or more indigenous bovines in the region of negligible risk, the commodities were derived from bovines subject to a ban on the feeding to ruminants of meat-and-bone meal or greaves derived from ruminants.
- (c) The commodities were derived from bovines that passed ante-mortem and post-mortem inspections.

## § 94.20

(d) The commodities are accompanied by an original certificate stating that the exporting region is classified by APHIS as a region of negligible risk for BSE and that the conditions of paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section, as applicable, have been met. The certificate must be issued and signed by a full-time salaried veterinary officer of the national government of the exporting region, or signed by a person authorized to issue such certificates by the veterinary services of the national government of the exporting region.

Note: To be eligible to export meat, meat byproducts, and meat food products under the conditions of this section for human consumption, a region must also be one that has demonstrated to FSIS in accordance with 9 CFR 310.22 that its BSE risk status can reasonably be expected to provide the same level of protection from human exposure to the BSE agent as does prohibiting specified risk materials for use as human food in the United States.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579-0393)

[78 FR 72999, Dec. 4, 2013]

## §94.20 Importation of meat, meat byproducts, and meat food products derived from bovines from regions of controlled risk for BSE.

Meat, meat byproducts, and meat food products, as defined by FSIS in 9 CFR 301.2—except that those terms as applied to bison shall have a meaning comparable to those provided in 9 CFR 301.2 with regard to cattle, and other than boneless skeletal meat that meets the conditions of §94.18(b)(2)—may be imported from a region of controlled risk for BSE, as defined in §92.1 of this subchapter, if the following conditions and all other applicable requirements of this part are met:

- (a) The commodities were exported from a region of controlled risk for RSE
- (b) The commodities were derived from bovines that passed ante-mortem and post-mortem inspections.
- (c) The commodities were derived from bovines that were not subjected to a stunning process, prior to slaughter, with a device injecting compressed air or gas into the cranial cavity, or to a pithing process.
- (d) The commodities were produced and handled in a manner that ensured

that such commodities do not contain and are not contaminated with either of the following:

- (1) SRMs from regions of controlled risk for BSE; or
- (2) Mechanically separated meat from the skull and vertebral column from bovines 30 months of age or older.
- (e) The commodities are accompanied by an original certificate stating that the exporting region is classified by APHIS as a region of controlled risk for BSE, and that the conditions of this section have been met. The certificate must be issued and signed by a full-time salaried veterinary officer of the national government of the exporting region, or signed by a person authorized to issue such certificates by the veterinary services of the national government of the exporting region.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control numbers 0579-0015 and 0579-0393)

 $[78 \ \mathrm{FR} \ 72999, \ \mathrm{Dec.} \ 4, \ 2013]$ 

#### §94.21 Importation of meat, meat byproducts, and meat food products derived from bovines from regions of undetermined risk for BSE.

Meat, meat byproducts, and meat food products, as defined by FSIS in 9 CFR 301.2-except that those terms as applied to bison shall have a meaning comparable to those provided in 9 CFR 301.2 with regard to cattle, and other than boneless skeletal meat that meets the conditions of §94.18(b)(2)—may be imported from regions of undetermined risk for BSE, as defined in §92.1 of this subchapter, if the following conditions and all other applicable requirements of this part are met:

- (a) The commodities were derived from bovines that have never been fed meat-and-bone meal or greaves derived from ruminants.
- (b) The commodities were derived from bovines that passed ante-mortem and post-mortem inspections.
- (c) The commodities were derived from bovines that were not subjected to a stunning process, prior to slaughter, with a device injecting compressed air or gas into the cranial cavity, or to a pithing process.
- (d) The commodities were produced and handled in a manner that ensured that such commodities do not contain