



**Food Safety and Inspection Service  
United States Department of Agriculture  
Washington, D.C. 20250-3700**

## **Export Library**

Twrev43-- 02/26/2004

# **Export Requirements for Taiwan (Republic of China)**

## **Eligible/Ineligible Products**

### **A. Eligible product.**

1. Fresh/frozen poultry and poultry products (except meal and feed materials) derived from turkey, ostrich and Emu.
2. Pork Uteri, prepared under sanitary conditions and eligible to bear the mark of inspection.
3. Pork hearts (unopened) without removing blood clots
4. Pork suckling pigs up to 8 kilograms (fresh/chilled/frozen) with head, skin, ears, tail and feet but with no entrails are eligible for export to Taiwan.
5. Inedible pork and poultry products
6. Poultry offal including testes (fries)
7. Duck carcasses without offal
8. Product imported from third countries may be exported to Taiwan provided that the original country of origin is eligible to export to Taiwan and a copy of the original export certificate accompanies FSIS certification.

### **B. Ineligible**

1. All ruminants and ruminant products and poultry meal, blood meal, pet food and other feed materials, except gelatin and collagen derived from skins and hides.
2. Powdered bones, oil for livestock grain and serum.
3. Taiwan has removed all restrictions on poultry originating in California, Nevada, and Arizona as well as poultry transit restrictions through these states.
4. Taiwan has removed all restrictions on poultry originating in Pennsylvania as well as poultry

transit restrictions through Pennsylvania.

5. Fresh/frozen poultry and poultry products (excluding canned poultry) originating from flocks, slaughtered, or processed in Texas are ineligible for export to Taiwan. Poultry and poultry products may not transit Texas unless loaded into ocean-going containers, certified, and sealed prior to entering Texas. The seal number must be entered in the block indicated for seal number on FSIS Form 9285-1 and this seal number must match the seal number on the container on arrival in Taiwan. Opening trucks or containers in Texas will result in detained product.\*
6. Imported beef and beef products are not eligible for direct re-export or for re-export after further processing in the U.S., with the exception of beef or beef products from the following countries: Australia, New Zealand, Panama, and Sweden. Although these countries are eligible to export to Taiwan, they are not all eligible to export to the U.S.

#### **Notes:**

- (1) Other meat products such as chicken meat, offal products, and game meat are subject to entrance providing the importer has obtained a license from Taiwan's council of Agriculture.
- (2) Taiwan monitors meat and poultry products for the presence of E. Coli, Salmonella, and Listeria. Although product is not held based on the results of microbiological testing, the testing may cause occasional delays in the movement of product.

## **Slaughter/Processing Requirements**

- A. Preparation of unscaled stomachs, etc. The stomachs must:
  1. originate from U.S. inspected and passed carcasses; and
  2. be washed and handled as regularly prepared tripe, except for scalding.

## **Labeling Requirements**

- A. Unscaled stomachs. Shipping containers must be prominently marked "Unscaled Beef Stomachs For Export To The Republic of China (Taiwan) Only."
- B. Packing dates (including year, month and day) must appear on all shipping container (i.e., box) labels of product exported to Taiwan.
- C. All import shipments of pre-packaged (consumer ready) foods will need to have a Chinese language label before applying for import inspection. Exporters are advised to work with their importer prior to shipping product to Taiwan to avoid unnecessary delays. Chinese language labeling is not required for sample product, but samples must be identified on the label and in the "Remarks" section of FSIS Form 9060-5 as

"Samples - Not for Sale"

D. Pork hearts (unopened) - Cartons must be labeled "*FOR EXPORT ONLY*".

## Documentation Requirements

- A. Obtain FSIS Form 9060-5. All FSIS Form 9060-5 certificates must be dated and signed by an FSIS veterinarian.
- B. Obtain Certificate for Export to Taiwan--FSIS form 9285-1 (04/11/2000), Certificate for Export to Taiwan for all products exported to Taiwan. On or after October 1, 2000, FSIS Form 9285-1 (04/11/2000) must be used to certify product intended for export to Taiwan. The previous edition 9285-1 (01/03/2000) may be used until that date.
1. Complete one FSIS Form 9285-1 (04/11/2000) for each establishment producing product listed on FSIS Form 9060-5.
    - a. Indicate species for each item.
      - (1) List all species represented in a product in the Species column, e.g., franks made with beef, pork, and chicken, "beef," "pork," and "chicken" would be listed in the Species column.
    - b. Indicate the date (or range ) of slaughter, manufacture, or processing for each item.
      - (1) Slaughter dates are required for all fresh/frozen products (e. g., whole carcasses, halves, quarters or other large cuts).
      - (2) Manufacturing or packing date is required for each prepared cut or by-product (including primal parts, PD (S) FT and freeze dried products) or processed products
      - (3) Slaughter and manufacturing (or packing) dates must include the year, month and day. To avoid confusion, the month should be spelled out or abbreviated. If dates cover several days within one single month, listing a hyphenated date such as January 15-23, 1994 is acceptable. However, if the time period covers more than one month, the dates should be listed separately such as, for example, January 28-31 and February 1-3, 2000.

Note: FSIS Form 9285-1 (04/11/2000) contains a block at the bottom of the form to be completed by the exporter or shipper. The FSIS veterinarian may sign the certificate without this block completed and the exporter is responsible for its accuracy. **Failure to complete this block may result in detained product.**

- C. Additional statement for beef and beef products. Effective immediately, FSIS Form 9060-5 must include the following statement in the "Remarks" section:

*"The beef or beef product either was derived from cattle slaughtered in the United States, or was legally imported into the United States from a country eligible to export to Taiwan."*

- D. Additional Statement for Poultry. The following statement must be placed in the remarks section of FSIS Form 9060-5 for poultry product destined for Taiwan (Republic of China):

*"The poultry products originated from a state where no avian influenza has been diagnosed within the last 12 months."*

- E. Poultry exported to Taiwan and subsequently re-exported to Japan must include the following statement, upon request by the exporter, in the "Remarks" section of FSIS Form 9060-5 or on an FSIS letterhead certificate (which is signed by the same FSIS veterinarian signing the export certificate), providing that the poultry complies:

*"There have been no outbreaks of fowl pest (fowl plague) for at least 90 days in the United States. Further, in the area where birds for export (meat) were produced (such an area being within a minimum radius of 50 kilometers from the production farm), Newcastle disease, fowl cholera, and other serious infectious fowl diseases, as recognized by the United States, have not occurred for at least 90 days."*

- F. Additional Statements for Ostrich and Emu. The following statements must be placed in the remarks section of FSIS Form 9060-5 for ostrich and Emu products destined for Taiwan (Republic of China):

*"The ostrich meat originated from ostriches which were born in the United States and raised for more than 28 days on a farm prior to slaughter."*

*"The United States is free of foot-and mouth disease, rinderpest, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, African swine fever and highly pathogenic avian influenza."*

Prior to importing ostrich and/or Emu meat, the importer must obtain a license from Taiwan's Board of Foreign Trade (BOFT) and prior approval from the Council of Agriculture (COA).

- G. Casings.

1. Casings Originating and Processed in the U.S. - Obtain FSIS Form 9060-7 (7/87), Animal Casings Export Certificate for Countries Requiring Ante-Mortem, Post-Mortem, and Fit for Human Consumption Statements.

2. Casings Originating in the U.S. and Processed in Mexico - The following conditions must be met:

- a. Casings must originate from animals slaughtered in the U.S.
- b. Casings must be processed in one of the following Mexican Establishments

TIF # 46

DeWied International, S.A. de C.V.

Piedras Negras, Coah.

TIF # 130

Empaques M.C.H., S.A. de C.V.

Zaragoza, Coah.

- c. When returned from Mexico, the casings must be accompanied by an official Mexican certificate (Form 27) issued at one of the establishments listed above. The certificate must indicate that casings originated from animals slaughtered in the U.S.
- d. Obtain FSIS Form 9060-17 (1/98), Animal Casings Export Certificate for Countries Requiring Ante-Mortem, Post-Mortem, and Fit for Human Consumption Statements (For Casings Processed in Mexico).

H. The grade label (e.g., "U.S. Choice" or "U.S. Prime") of beef graded USDA Choice or higher must be indicated on FSIS Form 9060-5 as part of the product description or in the "Remarks Section".

I. Inedible Meat and Poultry Product - Obtain FSIS Form 9060-9 (6/87). The form must be signed by an FSIS Veterinarian. Inedible product must be denatured or it will be rejected by Taiwan.

## Plants Eligible to Export

All Federally inspected establishments are eligible to export to Taiwan.

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